

Remembrance Day Wordsearch

SAECNUTPOPPYBSRRAB V P G O A C N Y H C R A E K X F P O I Q M A A C B S S P M M EASLMNVRM P L QWICEOFZE I E E B S ORH TWLN IFVCHXQP DOIOTTN LJS н KUUICNAAWORLDWAR RWUVEMVEDKDSMJBI MJWT RFRAVJE E E XYDKVYWWACKPFDH Н ROAOKTYPBXBLAAR QXCMUMGSIZNQLKHLKH EXSPXXJYYVUMKOJOQNZ H J E Q V A R X W N L D Y M O D E E R F H T Q E

ARMISTICE ARMY BRAVE
CEASEFIRE CONFLICT COURAGE

FREEDOM GUN HERO

MEDAL NOVEMBER PEACE

POPPY RESPECT SACRIFICE

SOLDIER UNIFORM WEAPON

WORLDWAR WREATH

Remembrance Day in numbers

Question 1 of 11

The two-minute silence is held on the 11th hour of the 11th day of the 11th month. But at what time was the Armistice of 1918, which signified the end of the war, signed?

11pm the night before

5am

10am

Question 2 of 11

Which year did the Christmas Truce occur between French, British and German soldiers on the Western Front?

1916

1917

1914

Question 3 of 11

How many ceramic poppies were created for the touring centenary art installation 'Blood Swept Lands and Seas of Red' in 2018?

888,246

111,111

246,888

Question 4 of 11

How many charities helped towards the British war effort 1914-1918?

180

1.800

18,000

Question 5 of 11

How many horses were used by Britain in WW1?

120,000

1.2 million

12 million

Question 6 of 11

In 2018, the 100th year anniversary of the end of the war, how many volunteers distributed the red remembrance poppy?

40 million

400.000

40.000

Question 7 of 11

How many memorial cenotaphs are there in the UK?

20

60

100

Question 8 of 11

How many women were in the Women's Auxiliary Army Corps?

20,000

30.000

50.000

Remembrance Day in numbers continued

Question 9 of 11

How many British people were evacuated in major cities during WW1?

4 million
1.5 million
500,000

Question 10 of 11

How many soldiers and labourers from across the Empire and Commonwealth served alongside the British Army in the First World War?

1.3 million

3 million

30 million

Question 11 of 11

How many veterans marched at the cenotaph parade in 2018?

100,000

10,000

1000



WE DON'T KNOW
THEM ALL, BUT WE
OWE THEM ALL.

Remembrance Day in numbers- Answers

The Armistice of 1918 was signed at 5am on the 11th of November in a railway carriage in Compiègne, France. Six hours later, at 11am, the guns officially stopped firing in Europe and WW1 was over.

In 1914 a series of unofficial ceasefires, known as the Christmas Truce, took place between French, British and German soldiers on the Western Front leading up to Christmas morning. It was only five months (of 51) into WW1.

A whopping 888,246 ceramic poppies were made to commemorate the 100th year since the outbreak of WW1. The poppies were made at the tower of London and 'planted' by volunteers, each poppy representing one British or Commonwealth serviceman killed in the War

Almost 18,000 charities for the British war effort were set up during the war. Many civilians 4 including Suffragettes, children and Belgian refugees raised money for the troops by collecting food and selling 'home comforts' such as chocolate and books.

10,000 veterans marched at the cenotaph parade in 2018.

An estimated 1.2 million horses and mules were used by British forces in WW1, and approximately 716,000 survived. Other animals used in the war included dogs, pigeons, glow worms and even dolphins and sea lions.

In 2018, over 40 million poppies were distributed by 40,000 volunteers.

There are 20 WW1 cenotaphs across the UK, but over 2500 listed WW1 memorials.

By the end of WW1 around 20,000 Women's Land Army volunteers had filled the gaps left by men, alongside almost 250,000 other women working as labourers on the land.

1.5 million British people were evacuated from major cities during WW1, though the original estimate to be relocated was 4 million. Evacuees included 673,000 unaccompanied schoolchildren, 406,000 mothers and young children and 3,000 expectant mothers. For many children it was their first experience of the countryside.

3 million soldiers and labourers across the Empire and Commonwealth served alongside the British Army in WW1.